

CONJECTURE 1766.  $\text{GR StarComp}(a \sqcup b, f) = \text{GR StarComp}(a, f) \sqcup \text{GR StarComp}(b, f)$  if  $f$  is a reloid and  $a, b$  are multireloids of the same form, composable with  $f$ .

THEOREM 1767.  $\prod^{\text{RLD}} A = \sqcup \left\{ \frac{\prod^{\text{RLD}} a}{a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i} \right\}$  for every indexed family  $A$  of filters on powersets.

PROOF. Obviously  $\prod^{\text{RLD}} A \supseteq \sqcup \left\{ \frac{\prod^{\text{RLD}} a}{a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i} \right\}$ .

Reversely, let  $K \in \text{GR} \sqcup \left\{ \frac{\prod^{\text{RLD}} a}{a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i} \right\}$ .

Consequently  $K \in \text{GR} \prod^{\text{RLD}} a$  for every  $a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i$ ;  $K \supseteq \prod X$  and thus  $K \supseteq \bigcup_{a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i} \prod X_a$  for some  $X_a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i$ .

But  $\bigcup_{a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i} \prod X_a = \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \bigcup_{a \in \text{atoms } A_i} \langle \text{Pr}_i \rangle^* X_a \supseteq \prod_{j \in \text{dom } A} Z_j$  for some  $Z_j \in \text{up } A_j$  because  $\langle \text{Pr}_i \rangle^* X \in \text{up } a_i$  and our lattice is atomistic. So  $K \in \text{GR} \prod^{\text{RLD}} A$ .  $\square$

THEOREM 1768. Let  $a, b$  be indexed families of filters on powersets of the same form  $\mathfrak{A}$ . Then

$$\prod^{\text{RLD}} a \sqcap \prod^{\text{RLD}} b = \prod^{\text{RLD}} (a_i \sqcap b_i).$$

PROOF.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{up} \left( \prod^{\text{RLD}} a \sqcap \prod^{\text{RLD}} b \right) = \\ & \prod^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \left\{ \frac{P \sqcap Q}{P \in \text{GR} \prod^{\text{RLD}} a, Q \in \prod^{\text{RLD}} b} \right\} = \\ & \prod^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \left\{ \frac{\prod p \sqcap \prod q}{p \in \text{up} \prod a, q \in \text{up} \prod b} \right\} = \\ & \prod^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \left\{ \frac{\prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} (p_i \sqcap q_i)}{p \in \prod \text{up } a, q \in \prod \text{up } b} \right\} = \\ & \prod^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \left\{ \frac{\prod r}{r \in \text{up} \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} (a_i \sqcap b_i)} \right\} = \\ & \text{up} \prod^{\text{RLD}} (a_i \sqcap b_i). \end{aligned}$$

$\square$

THEOREM 1769. If  $S \in \mathcal{P} \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{Z}} \mathcal{F}(\mathfrak{Z}_i)$  where  $\mathfrak{Z}$  is an indexed family of sets, then

$$\prod_{a \in S} \prod^{\text{RLD}} a = \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{Z}} \prod^{\mathcal{F}(\mathfrak{Z}_i)} \text{Pr}_i S.$$

PROOF. If  $S = \emptyset$  then  $\prod_{a \in S} \prod^{\text{RLD}} a = \prod \emptyset = \top^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{Z})}$  and

$$\prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{Z}} \prod^{\mathcal{F}(\mathfrak{Z}_i)} \text{Pr}_i S = \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{Z}} \prod^{\mathcal{F}(\mathfrak{Z}_i)} \emptyset = \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{Z}} \top^{\mathcal{F}(\mathfrak{Z}_i)} = \top^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{Z})},$$