

OBVIOUS 1473.  $\text{xlim}_x f = \left\{ \frac{\nu \circ f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} \circ \uparrow r}{r \in G} \right\}$ .

REMARK 1474.  $\text{xlim}_x f$  is the same for functors  $\mu$  and  $\text{Compl } \mu$ .

The function  $\tau$  will define an injection from the set of points of the space  $\nu$  (“numbers”, “points”, or “vectors”) to the set of all (generalized) limits (i.e. values which  $\text{xlim}_x f$  may take).

DEFINITION 1475.  $\tau(y) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \left\{ \frac{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\}}{x \in D} \right\}$ .

PROPOSITION 1476.  $\tau(y) = \left\{ \frac{(\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\}) \circ \uparrow r}{r \in G} \right\}$  for every (fixed)  $x \in D$ .

PROOF.

$$\begin{aligned} & (\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\}) \circ \uparrow r = \\ & \langle \uparrow r^{-1} \rangle \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\} = \\ & \langle \mu \rangle \langle \uparrow r^{-1} \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\} = \\ & \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{r^{-1}x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\} \in \left\{ \frac{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\}}{x \in D} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

Reversely  $\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\} = (\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\}) \circ \uparrow e$  where  $e$  is the identify element of  $G$ .  $\square$

PROPOSITION 1477.  $\tau(y) = \text{xlim}(\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \uparrow^{\text{Base}(\text{Ob } \nu)} \{y\})$  (for every  $x$ ). Informally: Every  $\tau(y)$  is a generalized limit of a constant functor.

PROOF.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{xlim}(\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \uparrow^{\text{Base}(\text{Ob } \nu)} \{y\}) = \\ & \left\{ \frac{\nu \circ (\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \uparrow^{\text{Base}(\text{Ob } \nu)} \{y\}) \circ \uparrow r}{r \in G} \right\} = \\ & \left\{ \frac{(\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle^* @ \{y\}) \circ \uparrow r}{r \in G} \right\} = \tau(y). \end{aligned}$$

$\square$

THEOREM 1478. If  $f$  is a function and  $f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} \in C(\mu, \nu)$  and  $\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \sqsupseteq \uparrow^{\text{Ob } \mu} \{x\}$  then  $\text{xlim}_x f = \tau(fx)$ .

PROOF.  $f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} \circ \mu \sqsubseteq \nu \circ f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} \sqsubseteq \nu \circ f$ ; thus  $\langle f \rangle \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \sqsubseteq \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\}$ ; consequently we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \nu \sqsupseteq \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\} \sqsupseteq \langle f \rangle \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\}. \\ & \nu \circ f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} \sqsupseteq \\ & (\langle f \rangle \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\}) \circ f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} = \\ & (f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}})^{-1} \langle f \rangle \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\} \sqsupseteq \\ & \left\langle \text{id}_{\text{dom } f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}}}^{\text{FCD}} \right\rangle \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\} \sqsupseteq \\ & \text{dom } f|_{\langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\}} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\} = \\ & \langle \mu \rangle^* @ \{x\} \times^{\text{FCD}} \langle \nu \rangle \langle f \rangle^* @ \{x\}. \end{aligned}$$