

Generalized cofinite filters

The following is a straightforward generalization of cofinite filter.

DEFINITION 1431. $\Omega_{1a} = \prod_{X \in \text{coatoms}^3}^{\mathfrak{A}} X$; $\Omega_{1b} = \prod_{X \in \text{coatoms}^{\mathfrak{A}}} X$.

PROPOSITION 1432. The following is an implications tuple:

- 1°. $(\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{Z})$ is a powerset filtrator.
- 2°. $(\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{Z})$ is a primary filtrator.
- 3°. $\Omega_{1a} = \Omega_{1b}$ for this filtrator.

PROOF.

1° \Rightarrow 2°. Obvious.

2° \Rightarrow 3°. Proposition 557. □

PROPOSITION 1433. Let $(\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{Z})$ be a primary filtrator. Let \mathfrak{Z} be a subset of $\mathcal{P}U$. Let it be a meet-semilattice with greatest element. Let also every non-coempty cofinite set lies in \mathfrak{Z} . Then

$$\partial\Omega = \left\{ \frac{Y \in \mathfrak{Z}}{\text{card atoms}^3 Y \geq \omega} \right\}. \quad (18)$$

PROOF. Ω exists by corollary 515.

$Y \in \partial\Omega \Leftrightarrow Y \not\prec^{\mathfrak{A}} \prod_{X \in \text{coatoms}^3}^{\mathfrak{A}} X \Leftrightarrow$ (by properties of filter bases) $\Leftrightarrow \forall S \in \mathcal{P}_{\text{fin}} \text{coatoms}^3 : Y \not\prec^{\mathfrak{A}} \prod_{S \in \mathcal{P}_{\text{fin}} \text{coatoms}^3}^{\mathfrak{A}} S \Leftrightarrow$ (corollary 533) $\Leftrightarrow \forall S \in \mathcal{P}_{\text{fin}} \text{coatoms}^3 : Y \not\prec \prod S \Leftrightarrow \forall K \in \mathcal{P}_{\text{fin}} U : Y \setminus K \neq \emptyset \Leftrightarrow \text{card } Y \geq \omega \Leftrightarrow \text{card atoms}^3 Y \geq \omega$. (Here \mathcal{P}_{fin} denotes the set of finite subsets.) □

COROLLARY 1434. Formula (18) holds for both reloids and functors.

PROOF. For reloids it's straightforward, for functors take that they are isomorphic to filters on lattice Γ . □

COROLLARY 1435. $\Omega^{\text{FCD}} \neq \perp^{\text{FCD}}$ (for $\text{FCD}(A, B)$ where $A \times B$ is an infinite set).

PROPOSITION 1436. The following is an implications tuple:

- 1°. $(\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{Z})$ is a powerset filtrator.
- 2°. $(\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{Z})$ is a primary filtrator over an atomic ideal base and $\forall \alpha \in \text{atoms}^3 \exists X \in \text{coatoms}^3 : \alpha \not\subseteq X$.
- 3°. Ω_{1a} and $\text{Cor } \Omega_{1a}$ are defined, $\forall \alpha \in \text{atoms}^3 \exists X \in \text{coatoms}^3 : \alpha \not\subseteq X$ and \mathfrak{Z} is an atomic poset.
- 4°. $\text{Cor } \Omega_{1a} = \perp^{\mathfrak{Z}}$.

PROOF.

1° \Rightarrow 2°. Obvious.

2° \Rightarrow 3°. Obvious.