

PROOF. Let denote  $R$  the right part of the equality to prove.

$\langle R \rangle^* @ \{ \beta \} = \bigsqcup_{\alpha \in \text{Src } f} \langle f|_{\uparrow \{ \alpha \}} \rangle^* @ \{ \beta \} = \langle f \rangle^* @ \{ \beta \}$  for every  $\beta \in \text{Src } f$  and  $R$  is complete as a join of complete funcuids.

Thus  $R$  is the completion of  $f$ .  $\square$

CONJECTURE 947.  $\text{Compl } f = f \setminus^* (\Omega \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{U})$ .

This conjecture may be proved by considerations similar to these in the section “Fréchet filter”.

LEMMA 948. Co-completion of a complete funcuid is complete.

PROOF. Let  $f$  be a complete funcuid.

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \text{CoCompl } f \rangle^* X &= \text{Cor} \langle f \rangle^* X = \text{Cor} \bigsqcup_{x \in \text{atoms } X} \langle f \rangle^* x = \\ &= \bigsqcup_{x \in \text{atoms } X} \text{Cor} \langle f \rangle^* x = \bigsqcup_{x \in \text{atoms } X} \langle \text{CoCompl } f \rangle^* x \end{aligned}$$

for every set typed  $X \in \mathcal{T}(\text{Src } f)$ . Thus  $\text{CoCompl } f$  is complete.  $\square$

THEOREM 949.  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f = \text{CoCompl } \text{Compl } f = \text{Cor } f$  for every funcuid  $f$ .

PROOF.  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f$  is co-complete since (used the lemma)  $\text{CoCompl } f$  is co-complete. Thus  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f$  is a principal funcuid.  $\text{CoCompl } f$  is the greatest co-complete funcuid under  $f$  and  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f$  is the greatest complete funcuid under  $\text{CoCompl } f$ . So  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f$  is greater than any principal funcuid under  $\text{CoCompl } f$  which is greater than any principal funcuid under  $f$ . Thus  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f$  is the greatest principal funcuid under  $f$ . Thus  $\text{Compl } \text{CoCompl } f = \text{Cor } f$ . Similarly  $\text{CoCompl } \text{Compl } f = \text{Cor } f$ .  $\square$

### 7.14.1. More on completion of funcuids.

PROPOSITION 950. For every composable funcuids  $f$  and  $g$

- 1°.  $\text{Compl}(g \circ f) \supseteq \text{Compl } g \circ \text{Compl } f$ ;
- 2°.  $\text{CoCompl}(g \circ f) \supseteq \text{CoCompl } g \circ \text{CoCompl } f$ .

PROOF.

- 1°.  $\text{Compl } g \circ \text{Compl } f = \text{Compl}(\text{Compl } g \circ \text{Compl } f) \sqsubseteq \text{Compl}(g \circ f)$ .
- 2°.  $\text{CoCompl } g \circ \text{CoCompl } f = \text{CoCompl}(\text{CoCompl } g \circ \text{CoCompl } f) \sqsubseteq \text{CoCompl}(g \circ f)$ .

$\square$

PROPOSITION 951. For every composable funcuids  $f$  and  $g$

- 1°.  $\text{CoCompl}(g \circ f) = (\text{CoCompl } g) \circ f$  if  $f$  is a co-complete funcuid.
- 2°.  $\text{Compl}(f \circ g) = f \circ \text{Compl } g$  if  $f$  is a complete funcuid.

PROOF.

- 1°. For every  $X \in \mathcal{T}(\text{Src } f)$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \text{CoCompl}(g \circ f) \rangle^* X &= \\ \text{Cor} \langle g \circ f \rangle^* X &= \\ \text{Cor} \langle g \rangle \langle f \rangle^* X &= \\ \langle \text{CoCompl } g \rangle \langle f \rangle^* X &= \\ \langle (\text{CoCompl } g) \circ f \rangle^* X. & \end{aligned}$$