

consequently

$$\left\langle \prod \left\{ \frac{g(X, Y)}{X \in \mathcal{T}A, Y \in \text{up}\langle f \rangle^* X} \right\} \right\rangle^* X \sqsubseteq \langle f \rangle^* X$$

that is

$$\prod \left\{ \frac{g(X, Y)}{X \in \mathcal{T}A, Y \in \text{up}\langle f \rangle^* X} \right\} \sqsubseteq f$$

and finally

$$f = \prod \left\{ \frac{g(X, Y)}{X \in \mathcal{T}A, Y \in \text{up}\langle f \rangle^* X} \right\}.$$

□

COROLLARY 922. Filtrators of funcoids are filtered.

THEOREM 923.

- 1°. g is metacomplete if g is a complete funcoid.
- 2°. g is co-metacomplete if g is a co-complete funcoid.

PROOF.

1°. Let R be a set of funcoids from a set A to a set B and g be a funcoid from B to some C . Then

$$\begin{aligned} \langle g \circ \bigsqcup R \rangle^* X &= \\ \langle g \rangle \langle \bigsqcup R \rangle^* X &= \\ \langle g \rangle \bigsqcup_{f \in R} \langle f \rangle^* X &= \\ \bigsqcup_{f \in R} \langle g \rangle \langle f \rangle^* X &= \\ \bigsqcup_{f \in R} \langle g \circ f \rangle^* X &= \\ \left\langle \bigsqcup_{f \in R} (g \circ f) \right\rangle^* X &= \\ \left\langle \bigsqcup \langle g \circ \rangle^* R \right\rangle^* X & \end{aligned}$$

for every typed set $X \in \mathcal{T}A$. So $g \circ \bigsqcup R = \bigsqcup \langle g \circ \rangle^* R$.

2°. By duality.

□

CONJECTURE 924. g is complete if g is a metacomplete funcoid.

I will denote CompIFCD and CoCompIFCD the sets of small complete and co-complete funcoids correspondingly. $\text{CompIFCD}(A, B)$ are complete funcoids from A to B and likewise with $\text{CoCompIFCD}(A, B)$.

OBVIOUS 925. CompIFCD and CoCompIFCD are closed regarding composition of funcoids.

PROPOSITION 926. CompIFCD and CoCompIFCD (with induced order) are complete lattices.

PROOF. It follows from theorem 919.

□

THEOREM 927. Atoms of the lattice $\text{CompIFCD}(A, B)$ are exactly functorial products of the form $\uparrow^A \{\alpha\} \times^{\text{FCD}} b$ where $\alpha \in A$ and b is an ultrafilter on B .