

From this, as easy to show, $h \sqsubseteq f$ and $h \sqsubseteq \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}$. If $g \sqsubseteq f \wedge g \sqsubseteq \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}$ for a $g \in \text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})$ then $\text{dom } g \sqsubseteq \mathcal{A}$, $\text{im } g \sqsubseteq \mathcal{B}$,

$$\langle g \rangle \mathcal{X} = \mathcal{B} \cap \langle g \rangle (\mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{X}) \sqsubseteq \mathcal{B} \cap \langle f \rangle (\mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{X}) = \langle \text{id}_{\mathcal{B}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{B})} \rangle \langle f \rangle \langle \text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A})} \rangle \mathcal{X} = \langle h \rangle \mathcal{X},$$

and similarly $\langle g^{-1} \rangle \mathcal{X} \sqsubseteq \langle h^{-1} \rangle \mathcal{X}$.

$$g \sqsubseteq h. \text{ So } h = f \cap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}). \quad \square$$

Corollary 15.68. Let $\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{B}$ be sets of filters over boolean lattices. For every $f \in \text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})$ and $\mathcal{A} \in \mathfrak{A}$ we have $f|_{\mathcal{A}} = f \cap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} 1^{\mathfrak{B}})$.

Proof. $f \cap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} 1^{\mathfrak{B}}) = \text{id}_{1^{\mathfrak{B}}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{B})} \circ f \circ \text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A})} = f \circ \text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A})} = f|_{\mathcal{A}}$. \square

Corollary 15.69. Let $\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{B}$ be sets of filters over boolean lattices. For every $f \in \text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})$ and $\mathcal{A} \in \mathfrak{A}, \mathcal{B} \in \mathfrak{B}$ we have

$$f \not\leq \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{A} [f] \mathcal{B}.$$

Proof. $f \not\leq \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \Leftrightarrow f \cap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}) \neq 0^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})} \Leftrightarrow \langle f \cap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})} \mathcal{B}) \rangle 1^{\mathfrak{A}} \neq 0^{\mathfrak{B}} \Leftrightarrow \langle \text{id}_{\mathcal{B}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{B})} \circ f \circ \text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A})} \rangle 1^{\mathfrak{A}} \neq 0^{\mathfrak{B}} \Leftrightarrow \langle \text{id}_{\mathcal{B}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{B})} \rangle \langle f \rangle \langle \text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A})} \rangle 1^{\mathfrak{A}} \neq 0^{\mathfrak{B}} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{B} \cap \langle f \rangle (\mathcal{A} \cap 1^{\mathfrak{A}}) \neq 0^{\mathfrak{B}} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{B} \cap \langle f \rangle \mathcal{A} \neq 0^{\mathfrak{B}} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{A} [f] \mathcal{B}$. \square

Theorem 15.70. Let $\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{B}$ be sets of filters over boolean lattices. Then the poset $\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})$ is separable.

Proof. Let $f, g \in \text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})$ and $f \neq g$. By the theorem 15.12 $[f] \neq [g]$. That is there exist $x, y \in \mathfrak{A}$ such that $x [f] y \not\Leftarrow x [g] y$ that is $f \cap (x \times^{\text{FCD}} y) \neq 0^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})} \Leftrightarrow g \cap (x \times^{\text{FCD}} y) = 0^{\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})}$. Thus $\text{FCD}(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{B})$ is separable. \square

Theorem 15.71. Let \mathfrak{A} and \mathfrak{B} be posets of filters over boolean lattices. If $S \in \mathcal{P}(\mathfrak{A} \times \mathfrak{B})$ then

$$\prod \{ \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \mid (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S \} = \prod \text{dom } S \times^{\text{FCD}} \prod \text{im } S.$$

Proof. If $x \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}}$ then by the theorem 15.59

$$\langle \prod \{ \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \mid (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S \} \rangle x = \prod \{ \langle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \rangle x \mid (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S \}.$$

If $x \cap \prod \text{dom } S \neq 0^{\mathfrak{A}}$ then

$$\begin{aligned} \forall (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S: (x \cap \mathcal{A} \neq 0^{\mathfrak{A}} \wedge \langle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \rangle x = \mathcal{B}); \\ \{ \langle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \rangle x \mid (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S \} = \text{im } S; \end{aligned}$$

if $x \cap \prod \text{dom } S = 0^{\mathfrak{A}}$ then

$$\begin{aligned} \exists (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S: (x \cap \mathcal{A} = 0^{\mathfrak{A}} \wedge \langle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \rangle x = 0^{\mathfrak{B}}); \\ \{ \langle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \rangle x \mid (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S \} \ni 0^{\mathfrak{B}}. \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\langle \prod \{ \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B} \mid (\mathcal{A}; \mathcal{B}) \in S \} \rangle x = \begin{cases} \prod \text{im } S & \text{if } x \cap \prod \text{dom } S \neq 0^{\mathfrak{A}}; \\ 0^{\mathfrak{B}} & \text{if } x \cap \prod \text{dom } S = 0^{\mathfrak{A}}. \end{cases}$$

From this by theorem 15.58 the statement of our theorem follows. \square

Corollary 15.72. Let \mathfrak{A} and \mathfrak{B} be posets of filters over boolean lattices.

For every $\mathcal{A}_0, \mathcal{A}_1 \in \mathfrak{A}$ and $\mathcal{B}_0, \mathcal{B}_1 \in \mathfrak{B}$

$$(\mathcal{A}_0 \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}_0) \cap (\mathcal{A}_1 \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}_1) = (\mathcal{A}_0 \cap \mathcal{A}_1) \times^{\text{FCD}} (\mathcal{B}_0 \cap \mathcal{B}_1).$$

Proof. $(\mathcal{A}_0 \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}_0) \cap (\mathcal{A}_1 \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}_1) = \prod \{ \mathcal{A}_0 \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}_0, \mathcal{A}_1 \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}_1 \}$ what is by the last theorem equal to $(\mathcal{A}_0 \cap \mathcal{A}_1) \times^{\text{FCD}} (\mathcal{B}_0 \cap \mathcal{B}_1)$. \square