

Proof. $g \circ (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{B}) \circ f = \prod \{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\text{Src } f; \text{Dst } g)}(G \circ (A \times B) \circ F) \mid F \in \text{GR } f, G \in \text{GR } g, A \in \mathcal{A}, B \in \mathcal{B} \} = \prod \{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\text{Src } f; \text{Dst } g)}(\langle F^{-1} \rangle A \times \langle G \rangle B) \mid F \in \text{GR } f, G \in \text{GR } g, A \in \mathcal{A}, B \in \mathcal{B} \} = \prod \{ \uparrow^{\text{Src } f} \langle F^{-1} \rangle A \times^{\text{RLD}} \uparrow^{\text{Dst } g} \langle G \rangle B \mid F \in \text{GR } f, G \in \text{GR } g, A \in \mathcal{A}, B \in \mathcal{B} \} =$ (theorem 7.23) $= \prod \{ \uparrow^{\text{Src } f} \langle F^{-1} \rangle A \mid F \in \text{GR } f, A \in \mathcal{A} \} \times^{\text{RLD}} \prod \{ \uparrow^{\text{Dst } g} \langle G \rangle B \mid G \in \text{GR } g, B \in \mathcal{B} \} = \prod \{ \langle \uparrow^{\text{FCD}(\text{Dst } f; \text{Src } f)} F^{-1} \rangle \uparrow^{\text{Dst } f} A \mid F \in \text{GR } f, A \in \mathcal{A} \} \times^{\text{RLD}} \prod \{ \langle \uparrow^{\text{FCD}(\text{Src } g; \text{Dst } g)} G \rangle \uparrow^{\text{Src } g} B \mid G \in \text{GR } g, B \in \mathcal{B} \} = \prod \{ \langle \uparrow^{\text{FCD}(\text{Dst } f; \text{Src } f)} F^{-1} \rangle \mathcal{A} \mid F \in \text{GR } f \} \times^{\text{RLD}} \prod \{ \langle \uparrow^{\text{FCD}(\text{Src } g; \text{Dst } g)} G \rangle \mathcal{B} \mid G \in \text{GR } g \} =$ (by definition of (FCD)) $= \langle (\text{FCD}) f^{-1} \rangle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \langle (\text{FCD}) g \rangle \mathcal{B}$. \square

Corollary 8.32.

1. $(\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{B}) \circ f = \langle (\text{FCD}) f^{-1} \rangle \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{B}$;
2. $g \circ (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{B}) = \mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \langle (\text{FCD}) g \rangle \mathcal{B}$.

8.3 Galois connections between funcoids and reloids

Theorem 8.33. (FCD): $\text{RLD}(A; B) \rightarrow \text{FCD}(A; B)$ is the lower adjoint of $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}$: $\text{FCD}(A; B) \rightarrow \text{RLD}(A; B)$ for every sets A, B .

Proof. Because (FCD) and $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}$ are trivially monotone, it's enough to prove (for every $f \in \text{RLD}(A; B)$, $g \in \text{FCD}(A; B)$)

$$f \sqsubseteq (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}(\text{FCD})f \quad \text{and} \quad (\text{FCD})(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}g \sqsubseteq g.$$

The second formula follows from the fact that $(\text{FCD})(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}g = g$.

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}(\text{FCD})f = \\ & \bigsqcup \{ a \times^{\text{RLD}} b \mid a \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(A)}, b \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(B)}, a \times^{\text{FCD}} b \sqsubseteq (\text{FCD})f \} = \\ & \bigsqcup \{ a \times^{\text{RLD}} b \mid a \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(A)}, b \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(B)}, a [(\text{FCD})f] b \} = \\ & \bigsqcup \{ a \times^{\text{RLD}} b \mid a \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(A)}, b \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(B)}, a \times^{\text{RLD}} b \neq f \} \sqsupseteq \\ & \bigsqcup \{ p \in \text{atoms}(a \times^{\text{RLD}} b) \mid a \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(A)}, b \in \text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{F}(B)}, p \neq f \} = \\ & \bigsqcup \{ p \in \text{atoms}^{\text{RLD}(A; B)} \mid p \neq f \} = \\ & \bigsqcup \{ p \mid p \in \text{atoms } f \} = f. \end{aligned}$$

\square

Corollary 8.34.

1. $(\text{FCD})\bigsqcup S = \bigsqcup \langle (\text{FCD}) \rangle S$ if $S \in \mathcal{P}\text{RLD}(A; B)$.
2. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}\prod S = \prod \langle (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} \rangle S$ if $S \in \mathcal{P}\text{FCD}(A; B)$.

Proposition 8.35. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}(f \sqcap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B})) = ((\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}f) \sqcap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{B})$ for every funcoid f and $\mathcal{A} \in \mathfrak{F}(\text{Src } f)$, $\mathcal{B} \in \mathfrak{F}(\text{Dst } f)$.

Proof. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}(f \sqcap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B})) = ((\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}f) \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}(\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{FCD}} \mathcal{B}) = ((\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}f) \sqcap (\mathcal{A} \times^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{B})$. \square

Corollary 8.36. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}(f|_{\mathcal{A}}) = ((\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}f)|_{\mathcal{A}}$.

Conjecture 8.37. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}$ is not a lower adjoint (in general).

Conjecture 8.38. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{out}}$ is neither a lower adjoint nor an upper adjoint (in general).

Exercise 8.2. Prove that $\text{card } \text{FCD}(A; B) = 2^{2^{\max\{A, B\}}}$ if A or B is an infinite set (provided that A and B are nonempty).

Lemma 8.39. $\uparrow^{\text{FCD}}\{(x; y)\} \sqsubseteq (\text{FCD})g \Leftrightarrow \uparrow^{\text{RLD}}\{(x; y)\} \sqsubseteq g$ for every reloid g .