

$$b \not\star \text{StarComp}(a; f) \Leftrightarrow \forall A \in a, B \in B, F \in \prod_{i \in n} f_i: B \not\star \text{StarComp}(A; F) \Leftrightarrow \forall A \in a, B \in B, F \in \prod_{i \in n} f_i: B \not\star \left\langle \prod^{(C)} F \right\rangle A \Leftrightarrow \forall A \in a, B \in B, F \in \prod_{i \in n} f_i: A \not\star \left\langle \left(\prod^{(C)} F \right)^{-1} \right\rangle B \Leftrightarrow \forall A \in a, B \in B, F \in \prod_{i \in n} f_i: A \not\star \text{StarComp}(B; F^\dagger) \Leftrightarrow a \not\star \text{StarComp}(b; f^\dagger). \quad \square$$

Definition 158. Let f is a multireloid of the form A . Then for $i \in \text{dom } A$

$$\text{Pr}_i^{\text{RLD}} f = \prod \langle \uparrow^{A_i} \rangle \langle \text{Pr}_i \rangle f.$$

Definition 159. $\prod^{\text{RLD}} \mathcal{X} = \prod \{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\lambda i \in \text{dom } \mathcal{X}: \text{Base}(\mathcal{X}_i))} \prod X \mid X \in \mathcal{X} \}$ for every indexed family \mathcal{X} of filters on powersets.

Proposition 160. $\text{Pr}_k^{\text{RLD}} \prod^{\text{RLD}} x = x_k$ for every indexed family x of proper filters.

Proof. It follows from $\langle \text{Pr}_k \rangle \{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\lambda i \in \text{dom } \mathcal{X}: \text{Base}(\mathcal{X}_i))} \prod X \mid X \in x \} = \prod \{ X \mid X \in x \} = x. \quad \square$

Conjecture 161. $\text{GR StarComp}(a; \lambda i \in n: f_i \sqcup g_i) = \text{GR StarComp}(a; f) \sqcup \text{GR StarComp}(a; g)$ for a multireloid a and indexed families f and g of multireloids where $\text{Src } f_i = \text{Src } g_i$ and $\text{Dst } f_i = \text{Dst } g_i$.

Conjecture 162. $\text{GR StarComp}(a \sqcup b; f) = \text{GR StarComp}(a; f) \sqcup \text{GR StarComp}(b; f)$ if f is a reloid and a, b are multireloids of the same form, composable with f .

Theorem 163. $\prod^{\text{RLD}} A = \sqcup \{ \prod^{\text{RLD}} a \mid a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i \}$ for every indexed family A of filters on powersets.

Proof. Obviously $\prod^{\text{RLD}} A \supseteq \sqcup \{ \prod^{\text{RLD}} a \mid a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i \}$.

Reversely, let $K \in \sqcup \{ \prod^{\text{RLD}} a \mid a \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_i \}$. Then for every $i \in \text{dom } A$ we have $K \in \prod^{\text{RLD}} a_i$ for every $a_i \in \prod_{j \in \text{dom } A} \text{atoms } A_j$ and so $K \supseteq \prod X_i$ for some $X_i \in \prod_{j \in \text{dom } A} A_j$. Consequently $K \supseteq \sqcup_{i \in \text{dom } A} \prod X_i = \sqcup_{i \in \text{dom } A} \prod_{j \in \text{dom } A} X_{i,j} = \prod_{j \in \text{dom } A} \sqcup_{i \in \text{dom } A} X_{i,j} \supseteq \prod_{j \in \text{dom } A} Z_j$ for some $Z_j \in A_j$. So $K \in \prod^{\text{RLD}} A. \quad \square$

Theorem 164. Let a, b be indexed families of filters on powersets of the same form \mathfrak{A} . Then

$$\prod^{\text{RLD}} a \sqcap \prod^{\text{RLD}} b = \prod^{\text{RLD}}_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} (a_i \sqcap b_i).$$

Proof.

$$\begin{aligned} & \prod^{\text{RLD}} a \sqcap \prod^{\text{RLD}} b = \\ & \left\{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})}(P \sqcap Q) \mid P \in \prod^{\text{RLD}} a, Q \in \prod^{\text{RLD}} b \right\} = \\ & \left\{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \left(\prod p \sqcap \prod q \mid p \in \prod a, q \in \prod b \right) \right\} = \\ & \left\{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \left(\prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} (p_i \sqcap q_i) \mid p \in \prod a, q \in \prod b \right) \right\} = \\ & \left\{ \uparrow^{\text{RLD}(\mathfrak{A})} \prod r \mid r \in \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} (a_i \sqcap b_i) \right\} = \\ & \prod^{\text{RLD}}_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} (a_i \sqcap b_i). \end{aligned} \quad \square$$

Theorem 165. If $S \in \mathcal{P} \prod_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} \mathfrak{F}(\mathfrak{A}_i)$ where \mathfrak{A} is an indexed family of sets, then

$$\prod \left\{ \prod^{\text{RLD}} a \mid a \in S \right\} = \prod^{\text{RLD}}_{i \in \text{dom } \mathfrak{A}} \prod \langle \uparrow^{\mathfrak{F}(\mathfrak{A}_i)} \rangle \text{Pr}_i S.$$