

A generalization of theorem 43 in [1]:

Theorem 5. Let $(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{Z})$ be a starrish join-semilattice filtrator with finitely join-closed core which is a join-semilattice. Then ∂a is a free star for each $a \in \mathfrak{A}$.

Proof. For every $A, B \in \mathfrak{Z}$

$$\begin{aligned} X \cup^{\mathfrak{Z}} Y \in \partial a &\Leftrightarrow \\ X \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} Y \in \partial a &\Leftrightarrow \\ X \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} Y \not\leq^{\mathfrak{A}} a &\Leftrightarrow \\ X \not\leq^{\mathfrak{A}} a \vee Y \not\leq^{\mathfrak{A}} a &\Leftrightarrow \\ X \in \partial a \vee Y \in \partial a. & \end{aligned}$$

□

A generalization of theorem 65 in [1]:

Theorem 6. Let $(\mathfrak{A}; \mathfrak{Z})$ be a semifiltered down-aligned filtrator with finitely meet-closed core \mathfrak{Z} which is an atomistic lattice and \mathfrak{A} is a starrish join-semilattice, then $\text{Cor}'(a \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} b) = \text{Cor}' a \cup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \text{Cor}' b$ for every $a, b \in \mathfrak{A}$.

Proof. $\text{Cor}'(a \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} b) = \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \{x \mid x \text{ is an atom of } \mathfrak{Z}, x \subseteq a \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} b\}$ (use proposition 34 from [1]),

By the theorem 50 from [1] we have $\text{Cor}'(a \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} b) = \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} (\text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}}(a \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} b) \cap \mathfrak{Z}) = \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} ((\text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}} a \cup \text{atoms} b) \cap \mathfrak{Z}) = \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} ((\text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}} a \cap \mathfrak{Z}) \cup (\text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}} b \cap \mathfrak{Z})) = \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} (\text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}} a \cap \mathfrak{Z}) \cup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} (\text{atoms}^{\mathfrak{A}} b \cap \mathfrak{Z})$ (used the theorem 3). Again using the theorem 50 from [1], we get

$$\text{Cor}'(a \cup^{\mathfrak{A}} b) = \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \{x \mid x \text{ is an atom of } \mathfrak{Z}, x \subseteq a\} \cup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \bigcup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \{x \mid x \text{ is an atom of } \mathfrak{Z}, x \subseteq b\} = \text{Cor}' a \cup^{\mathfrak{Z}} \text{Cor}' b \text{ (again used the proposition 34 from [1]).}$$

□

Bibliography

- [1] Victor Porton. Filters on posets and generalizations. *International Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics*, 74(1):55–119, 2012.