

Relationships are pointfree funcoids

THEOREM 2422. $((\text{FCD}), (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}})$ are components of a complete pointfree funcoid.

PROOF. For every ultrafilters x and y we have $x [(\text{FCD})(f \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g)] y \Leftrightarrow x \times^{\text{RLD}} y \not\neq f \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g \Leftrightarrow x \times^{\text{RLD}} y \sqsubseteq (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g \wedge x \times^{\text{RLD}} y \not\neq f \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g \Leftrightarrow x \times^{\text{FCD}} y \in \text{atoms } g : x \times^{\text{RLD}} y \not\neq f \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g \Leftrightarrow x \times^{\text{FCD}} y \in \text{atoms } g : x \times^{\text{RLD}} y \not\neq f \Leftrightarrow x \times^{\text{FCD}} y \in \text{atoms } g \wedge x \times^{\text{FCD}} y \sqsubseteq (\text{FCD})f \Leftrightarrow x [g \sqcap (\text{FCD})f] y$.

Thus $(\text{FCD})(f \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g) = g \sqcap (\text{FCD})f$. Consequently $f \sqcap (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g = \perp \Leftrightarrow g \sqcap (\text{FCD})f = \perp$ that is $g \not\neq (\text{FCD})f \Leftrightarrow f \not\neq (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} g$.

It is complete by theorem 1198. \square

We will also prove in another way that $(\text{FCD}), (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}$ are components of pointfree funcoids:

THEOREM 2423. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}}$ is a component of a pointfree funcoid (between filters on boolean lattices).

PROOF. Consider the pointfree funcoid \mathcal{R} defined by the formula $\langle \mathcal{R} \rangle^* F = (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} F$ for binary relations F (obviously it does exist). Then $\langle \mathcal{R} \rangle f = \langle \mathcal{R} \rangle \sqcap^{\text{FCD}} \text{up}^\Gamma f = \sqcap_{F \in \text{up}^\Gamma f}^{\text{RLD}} \langle \mathcal{R} \rangle^* F = \sqcap_{F \in \text{up}^\Gamma f}^{\text{RLD}} (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} F = (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} \sqcap_{F \in \text{up}^\Gamma f}^{\text{FCD}} F = (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} f$. \square

THEOREM 2424. (FCD) is a component of a complete pointfree funcoid (between filters on boolean lattices).

PROOF. Consider the pointfree funcoid \mathcal{Q} defined by the formula $\langle \mathcal{Q} \rangle^* F = (\text{FCD})F$ for binary relations F (obviously it does exist). Then $\langle \mathcal{Q} \rangle f = \langle \mathcal{Q} \rangle \sqcap^{\text{RLD}} \text{up } f =$ (because $\text{up } f$ is a filter base) $= \sqcap_{F \in \text{up } f}^{\text{FCD}} \langle \mathcal{Q} \rangle^* F = \sqcap_{F \in \text{up } f}^{\text{FCD}} (\text{FCD})F = \sqcap_{F \in \text{up } f}^{\text{FCD}} F = \sqcap^{\text{FCD}} \text{up } f = (\text{FCD})f$. \square

PROPOSITION 2425. $(\text{FCD}) \sqcap S = \sqcap_{f \in S} (\text{FCD})f$ if S is a filter base of reloids (with the same sources and destinations).

PROOF. Theorem 831. \square

CONJECTURE 2426. $(\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} \sqcap S = \sqcap_{f \in S} (\text{RLD})_{\text{in}} f$ if S is a filter base of funcoids (with the same sources and destinations).