

OBVIOUS 2062.  $\iota_{B_0, B_1} f \sqsubseteq f$ .

PROPOSITION 2063.  $\iota_{\text{Src } f, \text{Dst } f} f = f$ .

PROOF.  $\iota_{\text{Src } f, \text{Dst } f} f = \mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f} \circ f \circ \mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Src } f, \text{Src } f} = 1_C^{\text{Dst } f} \circ f \circ 1_C^{\text{Src } f} = f$ .  $\square$

PROPOSITION 2064. The function  $\iota_{B_0, B_1} |_{f \in \text{Hom}_C(A_0, A_1)}$  is injective, provided that  $A_0 \sqsubseteq B_0$  and  $A_1 \sqsubseteq B_1$ .

PROOF. Because  $\mathcal{E}_C^{A_1, B_1}$  is a monomorphism and  $\mathcal{E}_C^{A_0, B_0}$  is an epimorphism.  $\square$

COROLLARY 2065. The function  $\iota_{B_0, B_1} |_{f \in \text{Hom}_C(A_0, A_1)}$  is order embedding if  $A_0 \sqsubseteq B_0 \wedge A_1 \sqsubseteq B_1$  for ordered categories with restricted identities.

### 3. Image and domain

Let define that  $\mathcal{S}\mathcal{A} = \left\{ \frac{K \in \mathfrak{F}}{\exists X \in \mathcal{A}: X \subseteq K} \right\}$  holds not only for filters but for any set  $\mathcal{A}$  of sets.

OBVIOUS 2066.  $\mathcal{S}\mathcal{A} \supseteq \mathcal{A}$ .

DEFINITION 2067.

$$\begin{aligned} 1^\circ. \text{IM } f &= \left\{ \frac{Y \in \mathfrak{F}}{\mathcal{E}_C^{Y, \text{Dst } f} \circ \mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Dst } f, Y} \circ f = f} \right\} = \left\{ \frac{Y \in \mathfrak{F}}{\text{id}_{[Y] \cap [\text{Dst } f]}^{\mathcal{C}(\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f)} \circ f = f} \right\}; \\ 2^\circ. \text{DOM } f &= \left\{ \frac{X \in \mathfrak{F}}{f \circ \mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Src } f, X} \circ \mathcal{E}_C^{X, \text{Src } f} = f} \right\} = \left\{ \frac{X \in \mathfrak{F}}{f \circ \text{id}_{[X] \cap [\text{Src } f]}^{\mathcal{C}(\text{Src } f, \text{Src } f)} = f} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

DEFINITION 2068.

$$\begin{aligned} 1^\circ. \text{Im } f &= \left\{ \frac{Y \in \text{IM } f}{Y \sqsubseteq \text{Dst } f} \right\}; \\ 2^\circ. \text{Dom } f &= \left\{ \frac{X \in \text{DOM } f}{X \sqsubseteq \text{Src } f} \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

PROPOSITION 2069.

$$\begin{aligned} 1^\circ. \text{IM } f &= \mathcal{S} \text{Im } f; \\ 2^\circ. \text{DOM } f &= \mathcal{S} \text{Dom } f; \\ 3^\circ. \text{Im } f &= \langle \text{Dst } f \cap \rangle^* \text{IM } f; \\ 4^\circ. \text{Dom } f &= \langle \text{Src } f \cap \rangle^* \text{DOM } f. \end{aligned}$$

PROOF.  $\text{IM } f = \left\{ \frac{Y \in \mathfrak{F}}{\text{id}_{[Y] \cap [\text{Dst } f]}^{\mathcal{C}(\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f)} \circ f = f} \right\}$ .

Suppose  $Y \in \text{IM } f$ . Then take  $Y' = Y \cap \text{Dst } f$ . We have  $Y \supseteq Y'$  and  $Y' \in \text{Im } f$ . So  $Y \in \mathcal{S} \text{Im } f$ . If  $Y \in \mathcal{S} \text{Im } f$  then  $Y \in \text{IM } f$  obviously. So  $\text{IM } f = \mathcal{S} \text{Im } f$ .

$\langle \text{Dst } f \cap \rangle^* \text{IM } f \subseteq \text{Im } f$  is obvious. If  $\text{Im } f \subseteq \langle \text{Dst } f \cap \rangle^* \text{IM } f$  is also obvious.

The rest follows from symmetry.  $\square$

CONJECTURE 2070.  $\text{Im } f$  may be not a filter for an injective category with restricted morphisms.

PROPOSITION 2071.  $\text{Dst } f \in \text{Im } f$ ;  $\text{Src } f \in \text{Dom } f$  for every morphism  $f$  of a category with restricted identities.

PROOF. Prove  $\text{Dst } f \in \text{Im } f$  (the other is similar): We need to prove that  $\mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f} \circ \mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f} \circ f = f$  what follows from  $\mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f} \circ \mathcal{E}_C^{\text{Dst } f, \text{Dst } f} = 1_{\text{Dst } f}$ .  $\square$

PROPOSITION 2072.  $\text{IM } f$ ,  $\text{Im } f$ ,  $\text{DOM } f$ ,  $\text{Dom } f$  are upper sets.

PROOF. For  $\text{Im } f$ ,  $\text{Dom } f$  it follows from the previous proposition.

For  $\text{IM } f$ ,  $\text{DOM } f$  it follows from the thesis for  $\text{Im } f$ ,  $\text{Dom } f$ .  $\square$

DEFINITION 2073.